Question Number	Answer	Acceptable	Mark
1(a)	sterilisation of medical equipment household fire (smoke) alarm gauging thickness of cardboard irradiating food sterilisation of alpha alpha beta gamma	one mark for each correct line	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	⊠D		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)	■ B becquerel		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(d)	A description including any two from: • secure storage (1)	either the purpose, such as to prevent radiation getting out or a description such as lead-lined box/locked away when	
	avoid direct contact (1)	not in use. do not touch / use tongs /wash after handling	
	wear protective clothing (1)	lead lined suits/aprons/masks/gloves ignore goggles	
	minimise exposure (1)	long distance away / not pointing towards body/	
	• shielding (1)	keep sources shielded /stand behind shields	
	minimise dose (1)monitor exposure (1)	short time wear film badge/use Geiger counter (to monitor radiation	
	protect other people (1)	levels) warning signs / barriers / restricted areas /controlled areas	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)	P and M	one mark for a pair	
	OR M and P		
	OR N and Q		
	OR Q and N		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (b)	{atomic /proton} number drops by 2 and {mass/nucleon} number by 4 (1)	2 protons and 2 neutrons are lost 92 → 90 and 238 → 234	
	(which is) alpha decay (1)	helium nucleus given off (which is) alpha particle	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (c)	same {mass/nucleon} number but {atomic/proton} number increases by 1 (1)	a neutron changes to a proton	
	(negative) beta decay (1)	ignore GAINS a proton beta particle /electron given off	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
2 (d)(i)	alpha	Alpha ray, alpha particle, a	(1)
		Ignore capital letters	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(d)(ii)	A description including two of		
	one increases as other increases (1)	the particles with higher energy travel further accept values quoted from graph	
	rate of increase is in the range from 1.17 to 1.33 (cm/MeV) (1)	not (quite) linear/not	
	range gradually increases more with energy (1)	proportional /curves upwards accept values quoted from graph	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (e)	chain reaction needs a neutron from one fission to reach another uranium nucleus/atom (at the right speed) (1)	idea of continuous nature of chain reaction	
	(fission of 238) needs {fast/high(er) energy} neutrons (1)	the neutrons would be going too slowly /do not have enough energy / lose energy too fast	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)	 A description to include name of detector / move detector over the ground (1) 		
	 where leak is, there will be an increased rate (1) 	(move) until a {leak/high reading} is found	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3 (b)	D It is the time it takes for		
	half the atoms to decay		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3 (c)i	1.9-2 (days)		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)ii	plotting (0,40), (2,20) and (4,10) OR ANY line which passes through those coordinates (1)		(2)
	smooth curve through those points (1)	Ignore any part of line after 4 days	

Questio Number		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*)	An explanation including some of the following ideas	
		Need for measurement (N)	
		Background radiation • is {always present/all around us}	
		 has (natural) source(s) exemplified by space, living things, rocks, food, nuclear/medical sources etc. 	
		 would give false reading in experiment 	
		How and why to measure(H) Background radiation measurement • is taken at site of experiment because it is different in different places	
		 is taken with all apparatus except source in place 	
		 is taken before and after because {it can change with time / they need an average} 	
		 {must be worked out for same time as (or longer than) experiment / rate found} so analysis is simpler 	
		 It is {taken several times/ averaged} because it is random 	
		Analysis (A) Background radiation measurement • must be subtracted from {measurements with source	(6)
Level	0	/main count rate} No rewardable content	
1	1 - 2	 A limited explanation mentioning any two from N or one for A e.g. Background comes from space and rocks.(N) It is there a time. (N) OR Readings for background must be repeated because they random. (H) OR Background must be taken away from all other readings the answer communicates ideas using simple language and limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy 	II the are (A) d uses
2 Ph	3 - 4 ysicsAndN	 A simple explanation <i>linking</i> aspects of two ideas i.e. NOR N + AOR H + A e.g Take readings without source (H) and subtract them from main readings with source present.(A) OR It should be taken several times because it is random (H) the average can be subtracted from the main readings (A) • the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriated spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some actions. 	the so that f clarity tely

3	5 - 6	 A detailed explanation <i>linking</i> A with EITHER N + an idea from H
		OR two or more
		ideas from H
		e.g.Background radiation is there all the time. (N) You need to take
		readings at the place where you will do the experiment and with
		all the apparatus set up except the source because BR changes
		from place to place.(H) Then you should subtract background
		readings from the main experimental readings.(A)
		OR Take several readings of count rate for averaging since the
		effect is random (H) and make sure that they are taken in the
		same place.(H) Then subtract from readings in main
		experiment.(A)
		the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a
		range of scientific terminology accurately
		 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number	Allower	Acceptable allowers	IVIGIR
4(a)(i)	■ C the same as the charge on the proton		(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)(ii)			(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(i)	222	4 less/4fewer	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(ii)	86	2 less/2fewer	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)	 A description including two of: Kill/damage cells(1) affecting DNA (1) (causing) mutation (1) by ionisation (1) make cell reproduce rapidly (1) cause cancer (1) (radiation) burns (1) (radiation) sickness (1) 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4 (d)	An explanation linking any suitable precaution to a sensible reason: Eg lead/shielding (1) (because it) stops/absorbs radiation (1) Use of radiation meters (1) {measure/warn of} radiation received (1)	source locked away for shielding	
	put up signs (1) (to)keep people away from radiation (1) increasing distance (1) (to)reduce intensity (1)	(worker) leaves room inverse square law	
	to reduce dose(1) by limiting the number of X-rays taken (1)		(2)

Total mark question 1= 8

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5 (a)(i)	■ B highest frequency		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5(a)(ii)	☑ D positively charged		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5 (a)(iii)	an explanation linking: • (when) the filament is {heated/very hot} (1)	cathode / metal (for filament)	
	with one of: • electrons escape (have enough energy) (1)	released	
	 electrons escape from the surface (1) 	accept boil off IGNORE produces / emits	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)(iv)	a suggestion that electrons do not reach target	otherwise electrons collide with (air) particles electrons are absorbed electrons ionise air stops electrons reaching target	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers		k I
5 (b)	transposition 2 x e x V/ m = v^2 (1) substitution $v^2 = 2 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 40 000/9.1 \times 10^{-31}$	Either order ignore powers of ten until evaluation		
	(1) evaluation of v 1.2 x 10 ⁸ (m/s) (1)	give full marks for correct answer, no working accept 1.19 ×10 ⁸	(3)	